

Preliminary analysis of beaked whale strandings in Ireland: 1800 – 2009

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Introduction

One of the longest continuous time series of stranding records comes from Ireland and the UK (Klinowska, 1985). Systematic records have been kept continuously since 1913 and have been published on a regular basis (MacLeod et al., 2004). The published stranding records of cetaceans in Ireland dates back to the 1800s and these were reviewed by Berrow and Rogan (1997). McLeod et al. (2004) reviewed strandings of beaked whales in the UK and Ireland from 1800 to 2002 and Dolman et al., (2010) examined “unusual” stranding events in the UK and Ireland of deep diving species in 2008. In this review, we update the stranded records of beaked whales, correct some strandings records and add some new unpublished information.

Methods

The data included in this review comes from a number of publications, mostly stranding records submitted to the Irish Naturalists’ journal. These latter records are validated by the Irish Whale and Dolphin Group (<http://www.iwdg.ie/>) following a standard procedure which includes photographic evidence, and are peer-reviewed. In addition to that, extended notes are submitted by individuals of rare and unusual strandings. Total body lengths published in feet and inches were converted to metric. The coastal areas around Ireland were divided into four areas: Irish Sea, Celtic Sea, west Ireland and NW Ireland for geographical comparison. Seasonal patterns were examined by dividing the seasons up as follows: winter (December - February), spring (March - May), summer (June - August) and autumn (September – November) “Cause of death” was allocated into three very broad categories: bycatch, live stranding and stranded dead/unknown.

Results

132 records of beaked whales have been recorded, comprising at least five species including northern bottlenose whales ($n = 50$), Cuvier’s beaked whale ($n = 48$), Sowerby’s beaked whale ($n = 14$), Gervais whale ($n = 1$) and True’s beaked whale ($n = 11$). An additional eight records are of unknown species. All strandings are summarised in Table 1.

Northern Bottlenose whale (*Hyperoodon ampullatus*)

Northern bottlenose whales (NBW) ranged in length from 336cm to 792cm, with most whales stranded recorded between 550 and 650cm (see Figure 1). Examining the stranding pattern over time, more strandings occurred in the last 30 years than previously recorded. Most of the strandings comprised single individuals, but mass strandings occurred on six occasions where group size varied between 2 to 3 individuals. Of the animals where sex was determined, five individuals were male and 12 were female, with 33 unknown. Significantly more animals stranded during the summer months than other months, and in particular in August (Figure 3) and more animals ($n = 22$) stranded on the west coast than elsewhere

(Figure 4). Interestingly, the Irish Sea, which is a relatively enclosed and shallow sea, had the 2nd highest number of strandings of this species (n =16).

Within this species, 37 individuals were recorded as stranded (dead), nine individuals were live stranded and four were recorded as bycatch. The live strandings comprised 7 separate events, one with 3 individuals (1 died, others re-floated), one with two individuals (Mackey et al., 1998) and five incidents of single strandings, of which two animals stranded within a few days of each other between 13 and 19th May 2006 on the west coast. The bycatch animals were reported from the 1800s – two in one net on 25th August 1888 and another individual in 1845.

Stomach contents from one individual, “Dolly” who died after unsuccessful refloating attempts (date) had a stomach full of cephalopod beaks.

Cuviers’ beaked whale (*Ziphius cavirostris*)

Forty seven Cuviers’ beaked whales (CBW) have been reported and of those measured, length ranged from 400cm – 914cm (Figure 1). The upper range reported here is greater than usually recorded for this species. It is likely a result of measurement along the curvature as opposed to a straight line measurement, or the measurement was approximated – it was reported as measuring 30 feet. One of the stranding events comprised two individuals, all other strandings were of single individuals. Of the sex of the individuals that were determined, 15 were male, nine were female, with 25 unknown. More strandings occurred in winter (n = 19) and spring (n = 17) than any other time of year (Figure 3) and most strandings occurred on the west coast (n = 39). No strandings were recorded on the Irish Sea coast (Figure 4). Within this dataset, no live strandings of Cuviers’ beaked whale has been reported.

Sowerby’s beaked whale (*Mesoplodon bidens*)

There have been 14 records of Sowerby’s beaked whale (SBW) reported during this time period. Of these, six were female, six male and two unknown. Length ranged from 370 – 476cm (Figure 2). No strong seasonal pattern in strandings (Figure 3) could be detected and strandings predominately occurred on the west coast, with small numbers in the other geographical areas (Figure 4). One animal live- stranded on 20th August 2004 on the south east coast of Ireland. A second individual that was considered recently stranded in 2006 was a female. On examination of the head, this individual had small needle-like teeth located 21.5cm along the lower jaw from the tip of the jaw. These had previously been reported in this species by Taylor, W. (1900) "Notes on the marine mammals of the north-east of Scotland." Annals of Scottish Natural History 34:65-69 (Mead pers comm.). The skull was archived in the Natural History Museum in Dublin. Skin samples were sent to Dr Merel Dalebout (University Sydney, Australia) for genetic analysis and results from these analyses confirmed the identification as a Sowerby’s beaked whale (Rogan, unpublished). This animal appeared in a healthy condition with a dorsal blubber depth of 2.8cm. The stomach contained food remains –gadoid otoliths -however there was no evidence of recent feeding. Another animal had wounds consistent with ship strike (Hurley & Murphy, 2005).

True’s (*Mesoplodon mirus*) and Gervais (*Mesoplodon europaeus*) beaked whale

True’s beaked whale (TBW) has been recorded stranded on the Irish coastline on 11 occasions. Most strandings have been reported from the west coast of Ireland, and no strandings have been reported from the Irish sea coast (Figure 4). A freshly dead individual on the south coast of Ireland on 1st June 1997 was determined on post-mortem examination to

have been a live stranding. This individual, a 385cm female had ice cream wrapping in its stomach, possibly ingested during the live stranding event (Gassner et al., 2005). The skull of this individual has been archived in the Ulster Museum in Belfast and was confirmed with genetic analysis (Dalebout pers comm.). Individuals that were measured ranged in length from 376 cm to 550cm.

There is only one confirmed stranding record of a *M. europaeans* (GBW) on the coastline of Ireland. This individual was a 408cm male that stranded on in the north west coast on 22nd January 1989.

An additional eight beaked whales were recorded but not identified to species level. Many of these individuals were in an advanced state of decomposition and they ranged in length from 427cm to >690cm.

Discussion

Records of stranded cetaceans can be used to infer information on a number of different aspects of their biology, including distribution, timing and routes of migration, diet, contaminant levels, age distribution and reproductive status. However, inherent in this is the interpretation of what these stranded individuals represent. In addition to that, this review spans over 200 years and as with all reviews with a long timespan, there are issues and biases and weaknesses with data interpretation, including misidentification, measurement difficulties, and recording effort. There is no doubt that in Ireland, since the formation of the Irish Whale and Dolphin Group (IWDG) that there is more public involvement in reporting strandings, which is difficult to account for prior to this. In addition to that, more information is being gathered for biological studies and records now include information such as whether the animal stranded alive or not. That said, there appears to be an increase in strandings of beaked whales along the Irish coast in the last 10 years (see Figure 5) and an increase in the records of live strandings (Figure 6).

Most strandings occurred on the west coast of Ireland, which is a large area with a large continental shelf, but elsewhere the shelf edge is quite close to the landmass, particularly in the northwest, where the shelf slopes off quickly to the deep waters of the Rockall Trough. Sightings surveys conducted in these areas have recorded Northern Bottlenose whales, Sowerby's beaked whale and there has been one sighting of True's beaked whale (O'Cadhla et al., 2002; SC/53/O15; SC/63/SM13). The high number of bottlenose whale strandings in August and in the Irish Sea is of note. However, MacLeod et al., 2004 reported a high peak in strandings in September. It may be that the Irish Sea is used as a migration corridor or that bottlenose whales are following species into this area. Sightings of northern bottlenose whales have been recorded in this area (Whooley, IWDG pers comm.). The length frequency distribution suggests that most of these animals are immature, as sexual maturity for Northern bottlenose whale was considered to occur at a length of 6.7-7m for females, while males occur when they are slightly larger (7.3-7.6m) (Evans, 1987; MacDonald, 1987; Minasian et al., 1984).

Acknowledgements

We are grateful to all those people who report strandings to us and to the Irish Whale and Dolphin Group. We are also extremely grateful to all those people who have helped out in post-mortem examination including Mick Mackey, Sinead Murphy, Irene Gassner, Evelyn Philpott and Trish Clayton.

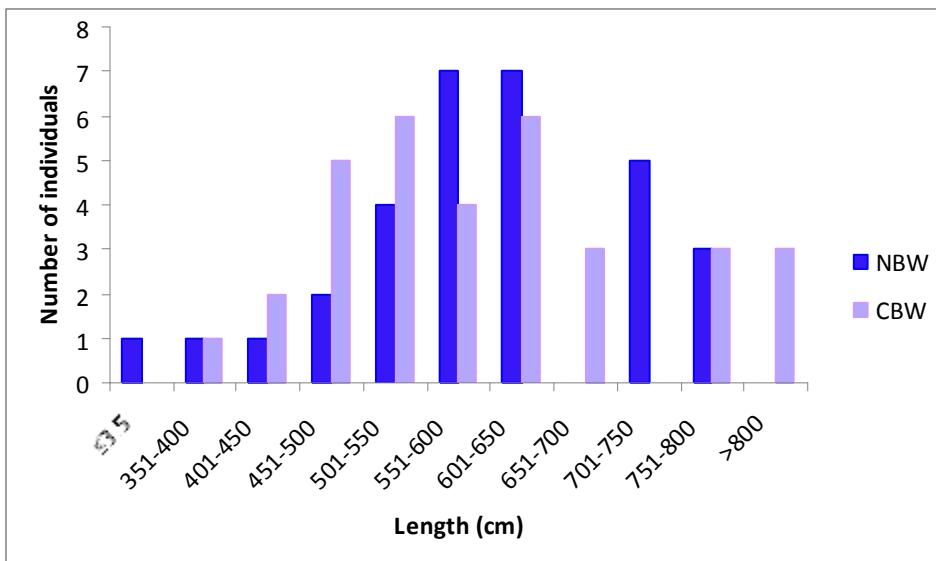


Figure 1 Length frequency distribution of northern bottlenose whale (NBW) and Cuviers' beaked whale (CBW)

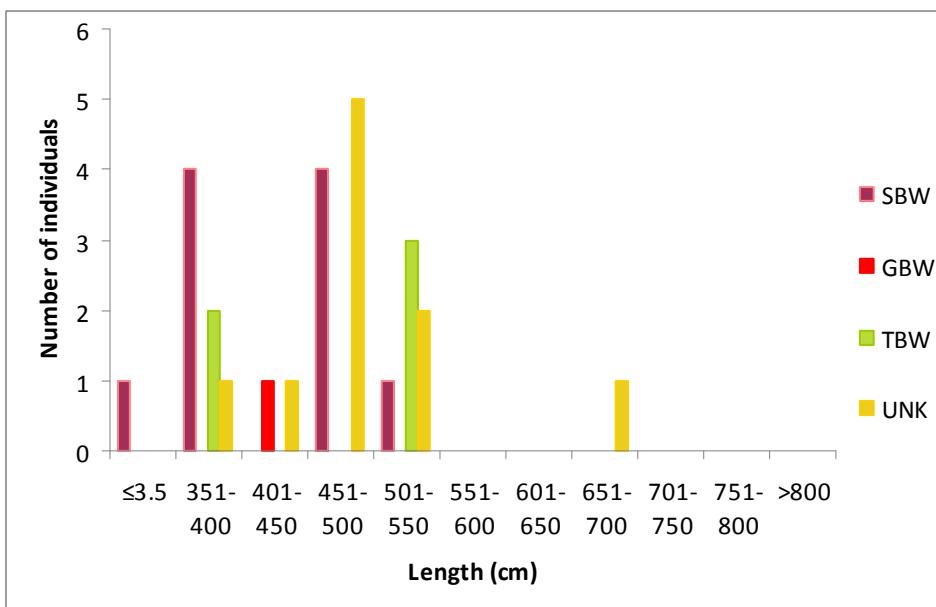


Figure 2 Length frequency distribution of Sowerbys (SBW), Gervais (GBW), True's (TBW) beaked whale and unknown beaked whale.

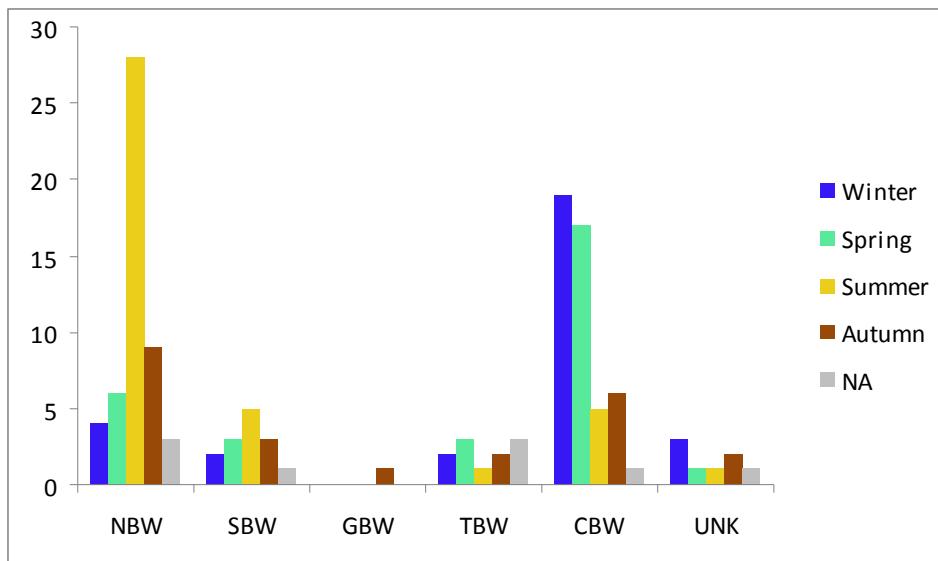


Figure 3 Seasonal distribution of beaked whale strandings along the Irish coastline.

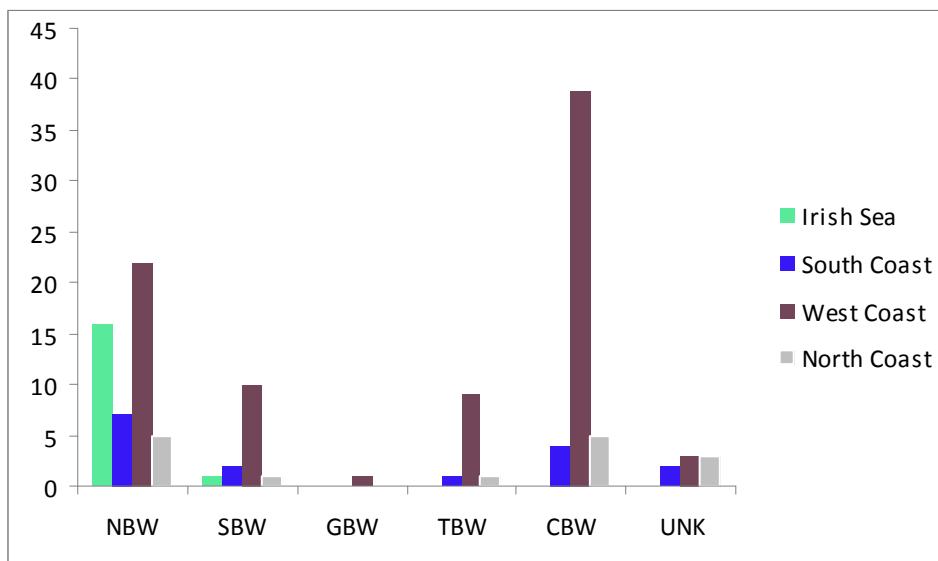


Figure 4 Geographical distribution of beaked whale strandings

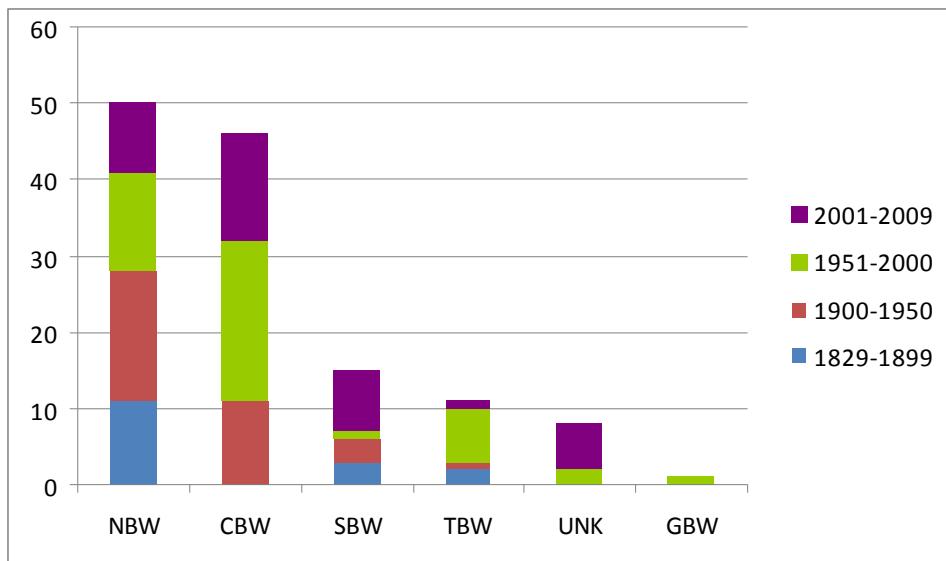


Figure 5 Stranding patterns by species by time

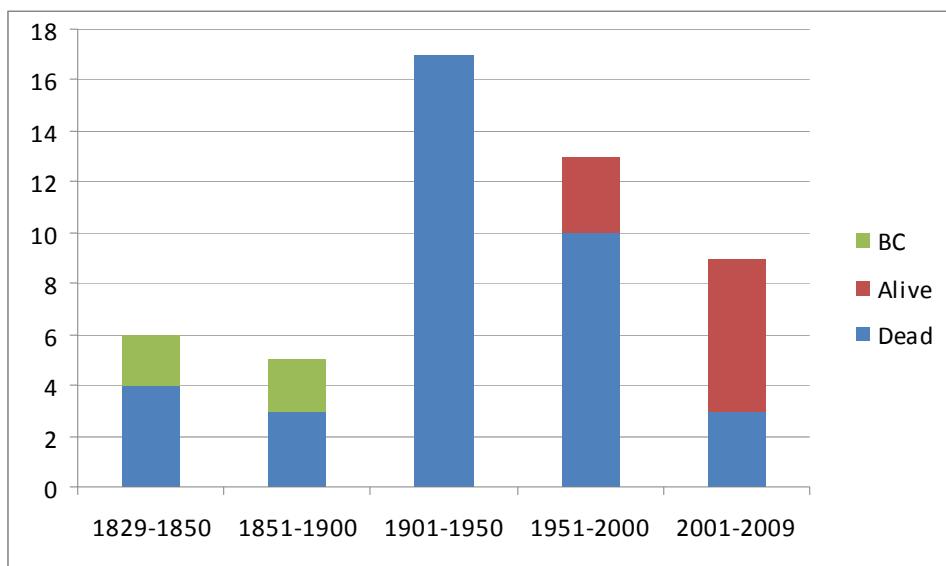


Figure 6 Stranding patterns of bycaught (by), alive and dead individuals

Table 1. Strandings of beaked whales species in the coasts of the Republic of Ireland and North Ireland from 1829 to 2009. NBW, northern bottlenose whale; SBW, Sowerby's beaked whale; GBW, Gervais' beaked whale; TBW, true's beaked whale; CBW, Cuvier's beaked whale; UNK, unknown beaked whale. Sex: F, female; M, male; U, unknown. Age: A, adult; Y, young; U, unknown. Stranding: D, death; A, alive; B, signs of by-catch.

No.	Species	Date	Sex	Size(mm)	Stranding	Place	County	References
1	NBW	20/09/1917	U	762	D	Schull	Co. Cork	Mamm. Rev 27(1) 2008
2	NBW	04/09/1918	U	559	D	Ballyvaughan	Co. Clare	Mamm. Rev 27(1) 2008; O'Riordan 1972
3	NBW	12/09/1923	U	518	D	Dundalk Bay	Co. Louth	Mamm. Rev 27(1) 2008; O'Riordan 1972
4	NBW	01/09/1924	U	U	D	Killiney Bay	Co. Dublin	O'Riordan 1972
5	NBW	10/10/1926	U	640	D	Belfast Lough	Co. Antrim	Mamm. Rev 27(1) 2008; O'Riordan 1972
6	NBW	27/08/1931	U	625	D	Aran Is.	Co. Galway	Mamm. Rev 27(1) 2008; O'Riordan 1972
7	NBW	27/08/1931	U	701	D	Aran Is.	Co. Galway	Mamm. Rev 27(1) 2008; O'Riordan 1972
8	NBW	03/09/1932	M	610	D	Ballyvaughan Bay	Co. Clare	Mamm. Rev 27(1) 2008; O'Riordan 1972
9	NBW	27/01/1934	F	U	D	Ballycrovane	Co. Cork	Mamm. Rev 27(1) 2008; O'Riordan 1972
10	NBW	18/08/1936	U	U	D	Dunany Point	Co. Louth	O'Riordan 1972
11	NBW	18/08/1936	U	U	D	Dunany Point	Co. Louth	O'Riordan 1972
12	NBW	07/10/1938	F	378	D	Dungarvan Harbour	Co. Waterford	Mamm. Rev 27(1) 2008; O'Riordan 1972; Macleod 2005
13	NBW	27/01/1947	U	523	D	Carnlough	Co. Antrim	Mamm. Rev. 27(1) 2008
14	NBW	31/08/1947	U	731	D	Whiddy Is., Bantry Bay	Co. Cork	Mamm. Rev 27(1) 2008; O'Riordan 1972
15	NBW	27/09/1954	U	424	D	Ireland's Eye	Co. Dublin	Mamm. Rev 27(1) 2008; O'Riordan 1972
16	NBW	27/09/1954	U	759	D	Ireland's Eye	Co. Dublin	Mamm. Rev 27(1) 2008; O'Riordan 1972
17	NBW	27/09/1954	U	792	D	Ireland's Eye	Co. Dublin	Mamm. Rev 27(1) 2008; O'Riordan 1972
18	NBW	26/09/1959	U	721	D	River Foyle	Co. Derry	Mamm. Rev 27(1) 2008; O'Riordan 1972
19	NBW	30/01/1976	M	592	D	Gormans town Campside	Co. Dublin	INJ 19(2): 51, Mamm. Rev. 27(1): 2008
20	NBW	31/08/1985	F	612	D	Grogan's Burrow.	Co. Wexford	INJ 21(12): 540-541. mamm. Rev 27(1): 2008
21	NBW	05/12/1985	F	577	D	Ring Strand	Co. Cork	Mamm. Rev. 27(1) 2008; Macleod 2005
22	NBW	27/06/1991	U	>510	D	Fermoyle	Co. Kerry	Quigley_Flammary_INJ.27.4_2002

46	NBW	31/12/1837	U	U	D	Howth	Co. Dublin	O'Riordan 1972
47	NBW	5/09/1890	F	550	D	Skerries	Co. Dublin	O'Riordan 1972
48	NBW	Summer 1910	U	560	D	Ventry	Co. Kerry	Mamm. Rev 27(1) 2007
49	NBW	summer/1910	U	490	D	Ventry harbour	Co. Kerry	Mamm. Rev 27(1) 2008; O'Riordan 1972
50	NBW	summer/1910	U	U	D	Ventry harbour	Co. Kerry	O'Riordan 1972
51	SBW	1872	M	U	D	West coast	Co. Kerry	O'Riordan 1972
								INJ 24(6): 108; INJ 24(3): 64; Mamm. Rev. 27(1) 2008;
52	SBW	21/09/1914	F	361	D	Rosslare	Co. Wexford	O'Riordan 1972; MacLeod 2005
53	SBW	03/02/1926	F	U	D	Aran Is.	Co. Galway	Mamm. Rev. 27(1) 2008; O'Riordan 1972; MacLeod 2005
54	SBW	17/08/1990	F	455	D	Templeboy	Co. Sligo	INJ 24(4): 163; Mamm. Rev. 27(1) 2008
55	SBW	31/03/2004	M	370	D	Ballyteige	Co. Wexford	INJ 28(1): 41
						Burrow		
56	SBW	20/08/2004	F	550	A	Pollshone Pt.	Co. Wexford	INJ 28(9):379-385
57	SBW	10/08/2006	F	360	D	Courtown	Co. Clare	INJ 28(11): 459-466
58	SBW	12/11/2006	M	476	D	Doonbeg	Co. Sligo	INJ 28(11): 459-466
59	SBW	25/08/2008	F	460	D	Inishcrone	Co. Galway	O' Connell & Berrow (2009)
60	SBW	10/04/2009	U	400	D	Tra Renvyle	Co. Donegal	O' Connell & Berrow_INJ.31.1_2010
						Glasagh Lower,		
						Gweedore		
61	SBW	21/07/2009	U	300-350	D	Kilcummin	Co. Donegal	O' Connell & Berrow_INJ.31.1_2010
62	SBW	23/11/2009	M	452	D	Strand	Co. Kerry	O' Connell & Berrow_INJ.31.1_2010
63	SBW	31/05/1870	M	U	D	Spanish Point	Co. Clare	O' Connell & Berrow_INJ.31.1_2010
64	SBW	9/03/1864	M	U	D	Brandon Point	Co. Kerry	O'Riordan 1972
						Brandon	Co. Kerry	O'Riordan 1972
65	GBV	22/01/1989	M	408	D	Kellystown,		
						Ballysadare Bay		
						Co. Sligo		
66	TBW	09/06/1917	M	518	D	Liscannor	Co. Clare	INJ 23(4): 156. mamm. Rev. 27(1) 2008; Macleod 2005
67	TBW	22/04/1935	M	483	D	Valentia Is.	Co. Kerry	INJ 16(8): 226-227. Mamm. Rev. 27(1) 2008; O'Riordan 1972
68	TBW	06/10/1967	U	487	D	Cusheen,	Co. Kerry	INJ 16(8): 226-227. Mamm. Rev. 27(1) 2008; O'Riordan 1972
						Ballymore,		

69	TBW	19/07/1972	F	U	D	Ballinskelligs	Co. Kerry	; Mamm.Rev. 27(1) 2008;INJ 21(8): 362
70	TBW	19/11/1987	M	540	D	Doughmakeon Strand,	Co. Mayo	INJ 24(12):508-509; Mamm.Rev. 27(1) 2008
71	TBW	01/06/1997	F	385	A	Long Strand, Owenahinchá	Co. Cork	INJ 28(4): 170
72	TBW	20/03/2009	M	470	D	Strandhill	Co. Sligo	O'Connell & Berrow INJ 31.1_ 2010
73	TBW	<u>1899</u>	U	U	D	Galway Bay	Co. Galway	INJ 16(8): 226-227; O'Riordan 1972
74	TBW	<1885	U	376	D	Cruit Island, Donegal Bay	Co. Donegal	INJ 33(12): 142; Anderson 10(6):117-118
75	TBW	1-5/02/1983	M	459	D	Thallabawn Strand, Louisburgh	Co. Mayo	INJ 21(4): 163-164; mamm.Rev. 27(1) 2008; Macleod 2005
76	CBW	01/11/1904	M	640	D	Aran Is.	Co. Galway	INJ 15(7): 212, INJ 13(6):126-127; Mamm.Rev 27(1) 2008; O'Riordan 1972
77	CBW	1969	F	U	D	N Mace Head	Co. Galway	INJ 18(12): 349-350. Mamm.Rev. 27(1) 2008
78	CBW	01/05/1909	U	U	D	Valentia Island	Co. Kerry	INJ 15(7): 212Mamm.Rev 27(1) 2008
79	CBW	13/02/1913	M	793	D	Unionhall	Co. Cork	INJ 15(7): 212; INJ 24(6): 108; Mamm.Rev 27(1) 2008; O'Riordan 1972
80	CBW	18/07/1915	M	579	D	Fethard	Co. Wexford	INJ 15(7): 212; Mamm.Rev 27(1) 2008; O'Riordan 1972;
81	CBW	03/07/1919	U	550	D	Gweebarra Bay	Co. Donegal	MacLeod 2005
82	CBW	31/12/1929	U	U	D	Rossbeigh	Co. Kerry	INJ 15(7): 212; INJ 26(7):123; O'Riordan 1972, MacLeod 2005
83	CBW	10/02/1931	U	769	D	Achill Is.	Co. Mayo	INJ 15(7): 212. mamm.Rev. 27(1) 2008; O'Riordan 1972
84	CBW	07/02/1935	M	U	D	Inishere, Aran Is.	Co. Galway	INJ 15(3): 72-73; Mamm.Rev 27(1) 2008; O'Riordan 1972
85	CBW	30/11/1943	M	457	D	Slyne Head	Co. Galway	Mamm.Rev. 27(1) 2008; O'Riordan 1972
86	CBW	20/03/1957	M	980	D	Kilkee	Co. Clare	INJ 15(7): 212; O'Riordan 1972
87	CBW	20/11/1964	F	762	D	Dooega, Achill Is.	Co. Mayo	INJ 15(3): 72-73. Mamm.Rev 27(1) 2008; O'Riordan 1972
88	CBW	10/03/1966	M	U	D	Lahinch	Co. Clare	Mamm.Rev. 27(1) 2008; O'Riordan 1972
89	CBW	31/03/1967	M	U	D	Miltown	Co. Clare	Mamm.Rev. 27(1) 2008; O'Riordan 1972

90	CBW	19/04/1967	U	U	D	Malbay Cruit Is.	Co. Donegal O'Riordan 1972
91	CBW	30/01/1978	F	615	D	Bull Point, Rathlin Island	Co. Antrim INJ 19(10): 372. Mamm.Rev. 27(1) 2008
92	CBW	19/05/1982	U	U	D	Raghly Point, Sligo Bay	Co. Sligo INJ 21(4): 185. Mamm.Rev. 27(1) 2008
93	CBW	08/04/1983	M	601	D	Streetdagh	Co. Sligo INJ 27(9): 364-365. Mamm.Rev.27(1) 2008
94	CBW	30/05/1983	U	U	D	Brandon Bay	Co. Kerry INJ 21(8): 359
95	CBW	30/05/1983	U	U	D	Brandon Point, Brandon Bay	Co. Kerry INJ 21(8): 359. Mamm.Rev. 27(1) 2008
96	CBW	14/01/1989	F	495	D	Dolan Pier, Allebrack	Co. Galway INJ 23(4): 155; Mamm.Rev 27(1) 2008
97	CBW	16/03/1989	F	650	D	Lurgha Point	Co. Clare Mamm.Rev 27(1) 2008
98	CBW	02/10/1992	U	U	D	52°30'N, 12°00'W	INJ 25(4):150-151
99	CBW	17/03/1997	M	>548??	D	Ballyteige Burrow	Co. Wexford Mackey_et.al_INJ.27.4_2002
100	CBW	20/03/1997	M	466	D	Omey Island	Co. Galway INJ 26(3/4): 123
101	CBW	13/03/2000	M	>700	D	Doolin	Co. Clare Berrow_Storer_INJ.26.12_2001
102	CBW	17/03/2000	M	535	D	Ballyconnell	Co. Sligo INJ 27: 167-168
103	CBW	25/03/2000	M	>500	D	Doonbeg	Co. Clare Mackey_et.al_INJ.27.4_2002; MacLeod 2005
104	CBW	01/05/2000	F	450	D	Ferriters Cove, Ballyferitter	Co. Kerry INJ 26(12): 476
105	CBW	08/05/2001	U	400	D	Doonbeg	Co. Clare INJ 27(4): 168-169. MacLeod 2005
106	CBW	02/07/2002	F	570	D	Lislary	Co. Sligo INJ 27(9): 364-365
107	CBW	15/06/2004	U	>530	D	Rossbeigh Strand	Co. Kerry INJ 28(9): 379-385
108	CBW	06/01/2005	M	>435	D	Ballydonegan Beach,Allihies	Co. Cork INJ 28(10): 414-418
109	CBW	20/08/2005	U	U	D	Fanad Head	Co. Donegal INJ 28(10): 414-418
110	CBW	16/12/2006	U	670	D	Inisheer, Aran Is.	Co. Galway INJ 28(11): 459-466

111	CBW	02/03/2007	U	>650	D	Lettergesh Beach, Killary Harbour	Co. Galway	O'Connell & Berrow 2008
112	CBW	27/02/2008	U	>700	D	Allebrack, Ballyconne	Co. Galway	O'Connell & Berrow 2009; Dolman et al. 2010
113	CBW	06/03/2008	U	>650	D	Inishcrone	Co. Sligo	O'Connell & Berrow 2009; Dolman et al. 2010
114	CBW	07/05/2008	U	>510	D	Vetry Pier	Co. Kerry	O'Connell & Berrow 2009; Dolman et al. 2010
115	CBW	22/11/2008	U	590	D	Freaghillaun, Ballynakill Bay	Co. Galway	O'Connell & Berrow 2009
116	CBW	08/03/2009	U	530	D	White Strand, Caherciveen	Co. Kerry	O'Connell & Berrow INJ.31.1_2010
117	CBW	28/03/2009	U	465	D	Lenadoon Point, Killala Bay	Co. Sligo	O'Connell & Berrow INJ.31.1_2010
118	CBW	09/04/2009	F	600	D	Terman, Maghery	Co. Donegal	O'Connell & Berrow INJ.31.1_2010
119	CBW	--/06/1964	U	910	D	Slyne Head	Co. Galway	INJ.15(7): 212; Mamm. Rev 27(1) 2008
120	CBW	00/06/1964	U	914	D	Dooloughan,	Co. Galway	INJ.15(7): 212; O'Riordan 1972
121	CBW	1969	F	U	D	Mace Head	Co. Galway	INJ.18(12): 349-350.
122	CBW	9/06/1915-16	U	U	D	Liscannor	Co. Clare	INJ.27(10/11): 164
123	CBW	Summer 1929	U	U	D	Valentia Is.	Co. Kerry	Mamm. Rev. 27(1) 2008; O'Riordan 1972
124	UNK	01/01/1999	U	>500	D	Dogsrock	Co. Wexford	Rendle_Rogan_INJ.26.12_2001
125	UNK	04/12/2002	U	427	D	Allihies, Beara	Co. Cork	INJ.28(1): 37-40
126	UNK	29/09/2004	U	U	D	West Strand, Portrush	Co. Antrim	INJ.28(9): 379-385
127	UNK	24/06/2006	U	400	D	Inishtrahull	Co. Donegal	INJ.28(11): 459-466
128	UNK	21/01/2008	U	>520	D	Sherkin Is.	Co. Cork	O'Connell & Berrow (2009); Dolman et al. 2010
129	UNK	13/02/2008	M	550	D	Back Strand, Streedagh	Co. Sligo	O'Connell & Berrow (2009); Dolman et al. 2010
130	UNK	02/04/2008	U	>690	D	Rossnakill, Fanad	Co. Donegal	O'Connell & Berrow (2009)
131	UNK	~1990s	U	U	D	Clew Bay	Co. Mayo	INJ.28(12): 517-519

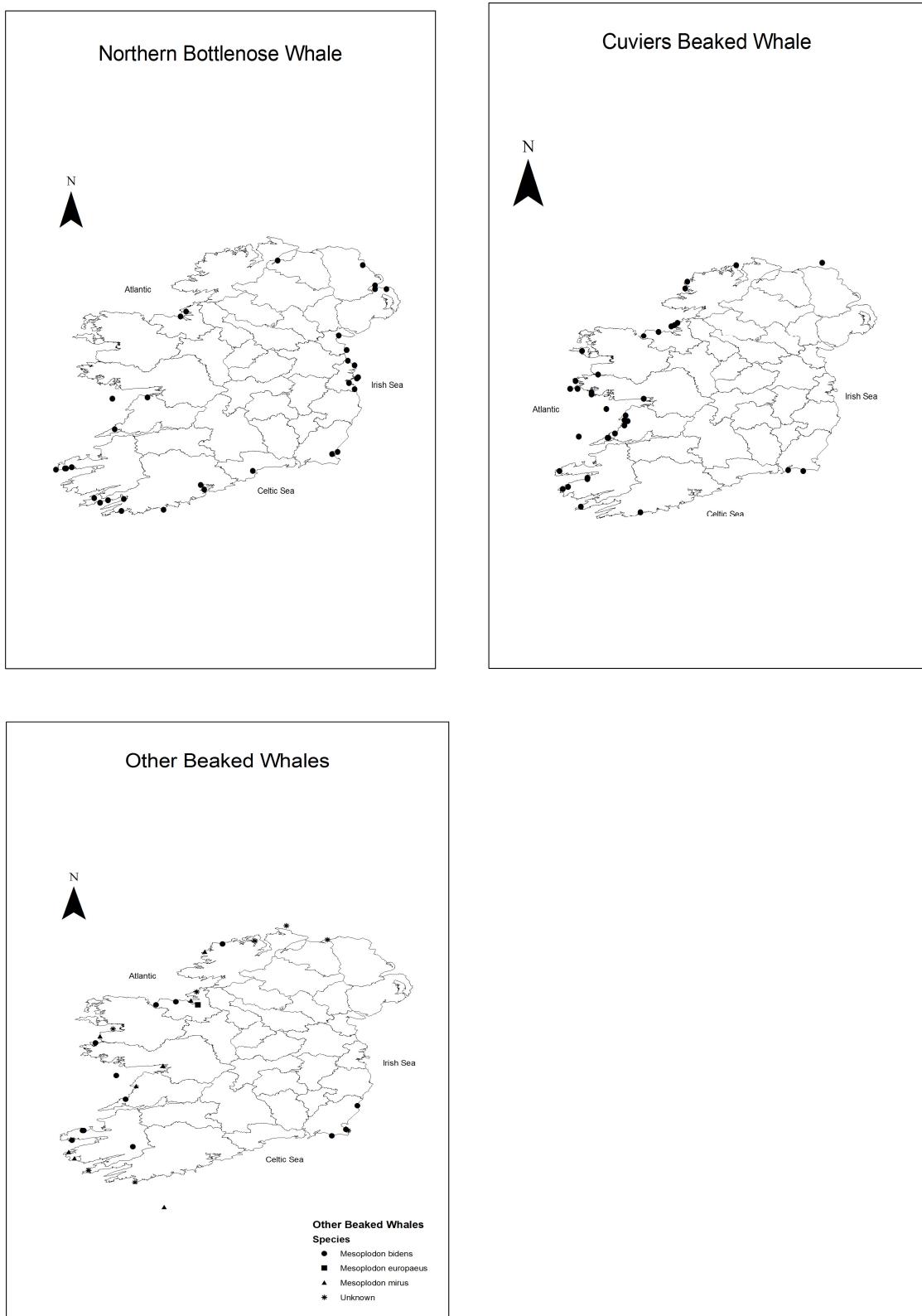


Figure 7 Stranding locations of Northern bottlenose whale, Cuvier's beaked whale and other beaked whale species (True's, Sowerby's, Gervais' and unknown) on the Irish coastline from 1829 to 2009.

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